Sudden hypotension on ICU – cause not clear	
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Call for help!			
Ensure hypotension is not due to respiratory compromise		Obvious pneumothorax?	
		Ventilation difficulty - disconnection, bronchospasm, sudden drop in Vt?	
SBP <50 mmHg or possible loss of cardiac output? start CPR.			
Tilt bed or raise legs			
Request fluid bolus		Hartmann's and plan to run 500ml stat	
Request bolus dose vasopressor		Metaraminol 0.5mg/ml 0.5mg (1ml) at a time Adrenaline 10 mcg/ml (1ml from a minijet into 10ml saline) 10 mcg (1ml) at a time	
Is this the true BP and what is the rhythm?		Feel for pulse. Look at the end-tidal CO <sub>2</sub> trace. Quickly check arterial line waveform and transducer position. If there is a waveform, assume it's correct. Re-zero if necessary.	
Look for blood		Check for blood in the bed, bowel, stomach, new tense abdomen, or leak from haemofilter circuit	
Check infusions		Check for kinked line, displaced CVC, syringe driver failure?	
Check skin		Look for new rash and swelling	
ECG			
Request or do ultrasound FICE +/- FAST		Decide whether this is hypovolaemic, distributive, cardiogenic (including arrhythmia) or obstructive shock.	
Request CXR			
Cardiac output monitoring		ODM if asleep and no central access, otherwise LIDCO, or echo.	

## Consider :

- Overt or concealed haemorrhage
- MI
- Arrhythmia rule out VT, if new AF consider cardioversion.
- PE
- Concealed haemorrhage retroperitoneal, small bowel, thorax
- Tamponade (recent central venous access, pacing wire etc.)
- Drug reaction anaphylaxis or inadvertent bolus (including epidural)
- Intracranial haemorrhage
- New sepsis take cultures and get antibiotic advice

## Further treatment:

- Consider increasing dose of adrenaline or noradrenaline
  **NOT** dobutamine/dopamine/milrinone or vasopression
- Treat specific problem order blood, plan for DCCV, CT; call surgeon, endoscopist, cardiologist